

What types of barriers does the law address?

This law aims to remove all types of barriers.

A barrier can be anything that stops people with disabilities from being included.

For example, some barriers can stop people from independently accessing buildings or using computer programs.

Sometimes people's attitudes towards disability can be a barrier.

What are accessibility standards?

Accessibility standards will outline the rules the local government and organizations must follow to remove barriers in different areas. Some examples of areas are:

- Built environment (buildings, places, and spaces)
- Information and communications (human communication such as the way people interact and communicate in the way that works for them, and technical communication such as websites and documents)
- Transportation (buses, ferries, trains, etc.)
- Health (hospitals, clinics, services)
- Education (early childhood education, kindergarten to grade 12, post-secondary education, etc.)

The Municipal Accessibility Committee will provide advice on which standards should be developed, and in what order in responses to feedback received from the public.