TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN

Finance and Administration Committee Tuesday April 9th, 2019 at 6:00 p.m. – Council Chambers

	AGE	NDA	
1.	CALL	. TO ORDER	Page #
	INTR	RODUCTION OF LATE ITEMS (if applicable)	
2.	APPF	ROVAL OF AGENDA	
3.	BUSI	INESS ARISING AND UNFINISHED BUSINESS Ongoing Items Still Being Addressed: Municipal Hall Upgrades- Update.	3
4.	DEL (a)	EGATIONS AND REPRESENTATIONS Representatives from the Cowichan Lake District Chamber of Commerce re: Year-end report, etc.	
5.	CORI	RESPONDENCE None.	
6.		BAL COMMENT FROM THE PUBLIC ON A SUBSEQUENT ITEM ON THE NDA — (maximum 3 minutes per speaker and maximum time allotted 15 minutes)	
7.	REPO	ORTS	
	(a)	Director of Finance re: Financial Report for the Period ending March, 31 st , 2019.	4
	(b)	Building Inspector re: Building Permits for March 2019.	22
	(c)	Lake Cowichan Fire Department Incident Report for March, 2019.	F/C
	(d)	Bylaw Officers Report for February and March 2019.	23
	(e)	Contract Planner re: Attainable Housing. CAO re: Animal Bylaw amendment regarding cruelty to animals.	24 28
	(f) (g)	CAO re: Purchase of Mower.	29
8.	NEW	BUSINESS	
	(a)	Audit Service Plan	31
9.	NOTI	ICES OF MOTION	

10. **PUBLIC RELATIONS ITEMS**

11. **QUESTION PERIOD** (maximum 3 minutes per speaker and maximum time allotted 15 minutes) -Limited to items on the agenda

12. IN-CAMERA

- (a) Section 92 of the *Community Charter* requires that before a meeting or part of a meeting is closed to the public, the council must state, by resolution, that the meeting is to be closed, and
- (b) The basis on which the meeting is to be closed falls under the following:
- 90(1) (c) on labor relations or other employee relations; and s.90(1)(k) negotiations and related discussions respecting the proposed provision of a municipal service that are at their preliminary stages and that, in the view of the council, could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the municipality if they were held in public.

13. ADJOURNMENT

Lake Cowichan Municipal Hall – Renovation Preliminary Schedule

April 2, 2019.

Phase

Planning	A CAR MANAGER STORY	Feb - July	,	
Roofing	May – Jur	ne 2019		
Cladding / Windo	ws		June – Sept 2019	
Interior Renovation	ons – Existing Offices			Sept – Dec 2019
Interior Renovation	ons – Existing Council Chambers		Dec – Mar 2020	
Interior Renovation	ons – Existing Vehicle Bays June- Mar 2020			

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Memo

TO:

Chief Administrative Officer

FROM:

Director of Finance

DATE:

April 3, 2019

SUBJECT:

March 31, 2019 Finance Report

The statements of revenue and expenses for the period ended March 31, 2019 are attached for council review. The numbers presented for 2018 have been finalized subject to audit.

The draft 2019 budget figures have been amended to reflect staff and council budget discussions to date. Minor changes will continue to be made as information becomes available and as levies and rates from other government agencies are also available.

The auditors from MNP will be at the office starting April 8th to complete year end work. A meeting date with council will be scheduled in the next few weeks to present the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Ronnie Gill, CPA, CGA



TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019

	2017 YTD Actual	2018 Budget	2018 YTD Actual	2019 Budget	2019 YTD Actual	2019 %
REVENUES	777770000					
Taxes	2,011,636	2,071,963	2,071,964	2,133,470	-	0%
Supplemental Adjustments	-	-	-	Ħ	-	-
Grants-In-Lieu	51,425	54,700	55,016	56,740	-	0%
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	69,270	65,000	63,046	60,000	527	1%
Business Licences	19,550	17,500	21,800	18,000	20,100	112%
Building and Other Permits	58,767	24,400	68,731	25,000	10,980	44%
Storm Drain Connection Fees	5,100	-	1,890	-	60	-
Dog Tags and Fines	3,310	3,200	3,590	3,200	2,600	81%
Interest on Investments	63,815	30,000	92,378	30,000	5,172	17%
Fire Service to CVRD	239,861	272,511	272,682	277,900	-	0%
BC Wildfire Recoveries	16,300	-	16,896	•••	-	-
Garbage Revenues	372,348	370,200	380,404	383,500	335,468	87%
Lakeview Revenues	204,104	184,000	203,016	191,000	69,253	36%
Sale of Assets	-	-	-	-		-
Public Works Revenues	2,102		2,689	-		-
Fire Department Revenues	74,790	₩	49,772	_	2,290	-
Other Revenue	30,123	10,200	26,767	9,250	564	6%
Ambulance Building Lease	44,829	45,000	44,829	45,000	11,207	25%
Public Health Lease	16,445	16,500	16,617	16,700	4,169	25%
Clec Revenues	441,256	420,000	388,483	417,000	12,700	3%
Unconditional Transfers	471,086	436,900	477,193	451,900	-	0%
Conditional Transfers	440,960	495,854	91,736	3,778,000	-	0%
Conditional Transfer - Town Hall Bldg	***	2,877,000	-	-	-	**
Transfers From Reserve Funds	***	586,500	75,442	630,000		0%
Transfers From Building Reserve		800,000	-	481,000	-	0%
Transfer From Fire Dept Reserves	-	370,000	-	400,000		0%
Transfer From Statutory Reserves	-	· -	-	-,		-
Transfer from Parks Dedication Reserve	_	••	_		-	
Short term debt		~	-	300,000	-	0%
Prior year Surplus	-	-	•••	-		-
Police Tax Levy	145,171	156,542	156,542	160,000	_	0%
Library Levy	127,782	134,872	134,872	133,729	-	0%
Collections For Other Govts.	2,159,035	2,290,836	2,251,430	2,328,100	-	0%
	7,069,065	11,733,678	6,967,784	12,329,489	475,089	59%

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019

	2017 YTD Actual	2018 Budget	2018 YTD Actual	2019 Budget	2019 YTD Actual	2019 %
EXPENDITURES						
General Government Services	542,492	547,600	444,720	569,600	142,009	25%
Fire Department	382,070	400,100	364,906	427,000	37,384	9%
Police Force .	145,171	156,542	156,542	160,000	-	0%
Bylaw Enforcement & Other	66,906	59,000	74,033	61,000	5,791	9%
Public Works Administration	116,234	105,400	57,320	61,300	41,904	68%
Public Works Roads	377,517	419,000	291,965	435,700	34,895	8%
Public Works - Equipment & Other	(126,327)	-	(129,912)	-	(21,900)	-
Garbage Expenses	388,605	394,200	395,405	402,100	59,173	15%
Planning, Health & Other	55,113	59,000	56,442	68,300	3,372	5%
Centennial Hall Expenses	_	-		-	-	
Info Centre	20,669	22,000	19,049	22,000	878	4%
Parks	216,772	231,500	236,283	254,100	11,393	4%
Lakeview Park	160,342	178,400	180,398	178,300	3,870	2%
CLEC Expense	522,897	471,000	481,699	472,000	36,217	8%
Lakeview Road	18,165	13,000	5,650	13,000	653	5%
Transfer To Library	127,782	134,872	134,872	133,729	33,432	25%
Capital	1,269,829	5,904,445	876,052	6,414,774	49,410	1%
Debt Charges - Interest	1,801	3,000	3,192	3,000	485	16%
Debt Payments - Fire	191,512	186,200	186,003	198,100	13,412	7%
Amortization	550,198	-	593,468	-	-	-
Transfers To Reserve Funds	179,062	136,000	181,231	136,000	-	0%
Transfer Equip. Recovery to Reserve	128,184	-	128,726	=	-	
Transfer To Surplus	-	21,583		=	-	-
Transfers To Other Governments	2,159,035	2,290,836	2,251,430	2,328,100	-	0%
	7,494,027	11,733,678	6,989,475	12,338,103	452,377	4%
Surplus(Deficit)	(424,962)	est.	(21,691)	(8,614)	22,711	

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of General Government Expenses

_	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 %
General Goverment Services						
Mayor and Council Indemnities	73,465	75,000	84,331	80,000	10,074	13%
Mayor and Council Expenses	38,260	42,500	36,568	42,500	12,511	29%
Mildred Child Annex	2,863	3,100	2,196	3,100	453	15%
Municipal Hall	17,995	25,600	18,121	25,600	2,875	11%
Office Wages	419,166	425,000	431,477	435,000	58,675	13%
Office Expenses	31,051	56,500	31,706	56,500	7,100	13%
Data Processing	18,837	24,600	17,137	24,600	460	2%
Legal Expense	21,867	15,000	26,079	30,000	15,975	53%
Audit	8,190	26,000	16,695	26,000	8,505	33%
Elections	-	10,000	3,666	4,000	•	0%
Insurance	62,259	75,000	91,284	100,000	20,245	20%
Grants-in-aid	3,650	5,000	4,700	5,000	-	0%
Ohtaki expense	-	6,000	3,163	6,000	-	0%
Ohtaki recoveries	-	-	(20)	-	=	-
Payroll Benefits Clearing	64,388	-	(80,684)	-	5,136	-
Insurance and administration recover	(219,500)	(241,700)	(241,700)	(268,700)	-	0%
_	542,492	547,600	444,720	569,600	142,009	25%

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Protective Services Expenses

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 <u>%</u>
Fire Department						
Firefighters indemnities Other Wage Costs Town Administration Fire Hall Operations and Maint. Miscellaneous Operations Training Fire Vehicles & Equipment	97,862 18,882 13,000 53,258 85,307 26,298 54,136	105,000 17,000 13,000 53,400 103,900 26,000 76,800	101,324 19,543 13,000 47,687 104,170 21,408 56,286	110,000 18,000 13,000 55,200 111,900 28,000 80,900	7,537 1,779 - 7,616 13,323 940 6,189	7% 10% 0% 14% 12% 3% 8%
Firesmart Community Wildfire Protection Plan	9,091 24,236 33,328	5,000 5,000	1,488 1,488	10,000		0% 30%
Total Fire Department	382,070	400,100	364,906	427,000	37,384	9%
Bylaw Enforcement & Other	,					
BC Wildfire - Recoveries	(16,300)	**	(16,896)			-
Emergency Measures Bylaw Enforcement/Animal Control Building Inspection	16,300 16,324 34,282	6,500 17,000 35,500	20,520 16,455 37,058	5,000 19,000 37,000	2,018 3,773	0% 11% <u>10%</u>
	66,906	59,000	74,033	61,000	5,791	9%

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Public Works Expenses

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 %
PW Administration	***************************************		<u></u>			
Shop and Yard	26,965	35,000	47,910	47,000	10,772	23%
PW Admin Wages	205,676	210,000	165,012	180,000	27,016	15%
PW Admin Other	19,449	15,800	8,988	16,500	360	2%
Safety and Training	40,944	34,000	24,810	34,000	3,756	11%
Office Administration Charge	14,200	14,700	14,700	13,900		0%
Recovery from Utilities	(191,000)	(204,100)	(204,100)	(230,100)	144	0%
			HIII 000	04.000	44.004	000/
_	116,234	105,400	57,320	61,300	41,904	68%
Equipment Costs						
Equipment Costs	165,583		144,370	_	10,870	_
Equipment Allocations	(291,910)	_	(274,504)	_	(33,070)	ine.
Equipment Allocations	(291,910)		(274,004)		(00,070)	
_	(126,327)	Ħ	(130,134)		(22,201)	-
Other Costs			000		200	
Billable Outside Jobs	-	-	222	-	300	-
Billable Outside Jobs - Recoveries_				-		-
_		×	222	=	300	

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Public Works Expenses

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 %
Road Maintenance						
Banners	11,451	9,000	2,826	9,000	-	0%
Boulevards	45,512	31,000	25,001	31,000	_	0%
Crack Sealing	2,151	10,000	_	10,000	_	0%
Dangerous Trees	5,502	13,000	13,939	15,000	139	1%
Ditches & Culverts	1,866	10,000	4,177	10,000	-	0%
Dust Control	3,068	4,000	3,475	4,000	-	0%
Landscaping	7,355	10,000	8,470	10,000	-	0%
Litter Control	7,085	16,000	8,557	16,000	393	2%
Marking	10,866	10,000	3,031	10,000	_	0%
Mowing	6,105	13,000	6,050	13,000	449	3%
Patching	19,320	15,000	11,237	20,000	832	4%
Roads-other	11,177	14,000	9,635	14,000	439	3%
Seasonal decoration	13,322	12,000	25,737	12,000	1,951	16%
Shoulders	12,673	14,000	3,478	14,000	841	6%
Sidewalks	15,578	16,000	19,361	20,000	1,405	7%
Signs	9,615	11,000	5,653	11,000	632	6%
Snow removal	48,888	50,000	4,338	50,000	16,908	34%
Storm Drains & Catch Basins	33,905	50,000	18,189	50,000	3,430	7%
Street Lighting	82,279	79,000	88,181	84,000	6,854	8%
Street Sweeping	8,899	11,000	9,629	11,000	622	6%
Office Administration Charge	20,900	21,000	21,000	21,700	r-t	0%
	377,517	419,000	291,965	435,700	34,895	8%

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Garbage Collection

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 <u>%</u>
Garbage Collection						
Revenues						
Regular collections Toter rentals Penalties Recycling	312,590 3,808 3,737 52,213	311,200 3,300 3,700 52,000	318,583 4,575 3,451 53,794	323,000 3,000 3,500 54,000	322,983 3,047 - 9,438	100% 102% 0% 17%
	372,348	370,200	380,404	383,500	335,468	87%
Expenditures						
Regular collection costs Office Administration Charges PW Administration Charges Tipping Fees Recycling costs	245,923 17,200 24,100 62,022 39,359 388,605	244,000 17,600 24,600 63,000 45,000	248,415 17,600 24,600 64,954 39,837 395,405	249,000 18,000 25,100 66,000 44,000	50,498 - - 5,368 3,308 59,173	20% 0% 0% 8% 8% - 15%
Net	(16,257)	(24,000)	(15,002)	(18,600)	276,295	Warranton - J. W. H. W.

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN

Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Other Development Services

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 %
Public Health						
Ambulance Building Lease	44,829	45,000	44,829	45,000	11,207	25%
Public Health Lease	16,445	16,500	16,617	16,700	4,169	25%
Public Health Expenses	15,405	17,000	9,721	17,800	95	1%
NET .	45,869	44,500	51,725	43,900	15,281	35%
Planning						
Planning Planning and Zoning Expenses	19,632	32,500	39,673	40,000	3,027	8%
Other Functions						
Town Economic Development	10,666	5,000	3,855	1,000	-	0%
Age Friendly Grant Community Garden - water service	- 4,863	_	-	-	_	-
Columbarium	-	-	-	~	250	
Pacific Marine Circle Route	-	_		_	-	-
Heritage Advisory	237	500	1,036	500	-	0%
Trail signage Cowichan Aquatic Centre	4,311	4,000	2,158	4,000	_	0%
75th Birthday Celebration	-	-	-,	5,000	-	0%
	20,076	9,500	7,048	10,500	250	2%
Total Development Services Expenses	55,113	59,000	56,442	68,300	3,372	5%
Centennial Hall		-	_	_		
Info Centre						
PW Labour	1,212	2,500	820	2,200	-	33%
Water, Sewer & Garbage	- 15 740	700 15,000	- 15,000	700 15,000	-	0% 100%
Contracted Services Other Expenses	15,740 4,917	5,000	4,429	5,300	- 878	89%
Recoveries - hydro	(1,200)	(1,200)	(1,200)	(1,200)	-	100%
•	20,669	22,000	19,049	22,000	878	87%
	······					

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Parks

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 %
Parks	Actual	Dauger	Hotaai	Duager	7 totaai	
Beaver Park	182	500	4,077	6,100	4,152	68%
Bell Tower School	1,877	2,400	1,316	2,400	-	0%
Centennial Park	6,661	20,000	42,577	22,000	232	1%
Central Park	12,727	19,000	14,804	18,500		0%
Civic Square	614	2,500	495	2,500	-	0%
Communities in Bloom	260	3,000	125	2,000	-	0%
Community Garden	199	-	-	2,000		_
Cougar Sign Landscaping	2,198	3,000	2,894	3,200		0%
Dashwood Park	2,130	1,200	280	1,200	_	0%
	38,930	10,000	8,835	10,000	355	4%
Entrance Sign	1,986	4,500	1,758	4,500	101	2%
Footbridge	51	2,000	400	1,600	-	0%
Footpath maintenance	672	1,000	594	1,000	_	0%
Gillespie Park	3,235	5,700	6,745	6,700	_	0%
Greendale Park	8,998	5,000	12,656	7,000	_	0%
Heritage Garden	10,830	10,000	8,746	10,800	1,605	15%
Kaatza Museum	•	10,000	7,145	10,000	90	1%
Kates Park - King George	24,694 684	2,000	7,145 585	2,000		0%
Lakedays Preparation			6,043	3,200	- 56	2%
Marina Park	2,176	1,700		6,700		0%
Forest Workers Memorial Park	5,784	6,500	6,490	10,000	- .	0%
Ohtaki/Kasapi Park	2,976	10,000	2,425	5,000	1,404	28%
Park Bench Maintenance	1,188	5,000	1,552	20,700	1,389	7%
Parks General	23,000	16,000	25,821		1,505	0%
Parkstone Park	1,162	2,000	1,980	2,500	-	0%
Joginder Bains Park - Point Ideal	2,035	3,500	6,700	4,200		-
Ravine Park	0.004	500	2 004	E 000	-	0%
Riverside Memorial Park	2,691	5,900	3,901	5,900	-	0%
Sahtlam Park	1,179	2,500	3,637	3,000	702	0% 4%
Saywell Park	13,592	20,000	15,557	20,500	793	
Seniors Centre	3,117	3,100	2,813	3,100	-	0%
Ted Burns Nature Preserve	-	1,000	392	1,000	-	0%
Pickleball Courts	2,393	3,000	3,557	3,200	- 000	0%
Town Square	4,300	3,000	4,909	5,000	289	6%
Trans Canada Trail	2,198	5,000	8,146	5,900		0%
Trestle Walkway	830	3,000	864	3,000	65	2%
Vandalism	129	5,000	50	5,000	-	0%
Washrooms	16,244	15,000	11,859	15,000	860	6%
West Entrance	-	-	455	600	-	0%
Winter Park	6,073	7,000	4,098	7,000	-	0%
Office Administration Charge	10,700	11,000	11,000	12,100		0%
	216,772	231,500	236,283	254,100	11,393	102%

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Parks

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 <u>%</u>
Lakeview Park						
Reservations	142,693	130,000	156,349	150,000	54,080	36%
Walk Ins	24,934	22,000	8,174	8,000	1,695	21%
Power Fees	24,022	22,000	23,041	22,000	10,567	48%
Wood and ice sales	3,738	4,000	4,637	4,500	-	0%
Operating Grant	=	=	2,981	-	-	-
Other Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Moorage	8,717	6,000	7,833	6,500	2,911	45%
	204,104	184,000	203,016	191,000	69,253	36%
Office Administration Charge	8,100	8,400	8,400	8,500	-	0%
CLEC Admin Charges	30,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	_	0%
Summer Student Wages	52,000	55,000	53,925	55,000	-	0%
Maintenance Wages	7,179	7,000	1,974	7,000	-	0%
Contracted Services	7,317	15,000	16,781	15,000	147	1%
PW Labour	348	1,000	1,574	1,500	_	0%
Hydro and Electricity	7,706	8,000	8,393	9,000	692	8%
Materials and Supplies	10,284	14,000	12,674	12,000	-	0%
Other Expenses	9,342	10,500	7,565	10,800	2,341	22%
Water, Sewer & Garbage	9,938	8,000	9,898	8,000	-	0%
Park Attendant/ Security	14,443	15,000	24,688	15,000	368	2%
Public Works Charges	12	500	612	700	-	0%
Telephone	1,674	3,000	2,116	3,000	323	11%
Equipment allocations	2,000	2,000	800	1,800		0%
	160,342	178,400	180,398	178,300	3,870	2%
Net	43,763	5,600	22,618	12,700	65,382	

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of CLEC

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 %
Revenues						
Group Revenues	434,256	413,000	372,745	402,000	11,700	3%
Programming revenues	1,000	1,000	9,738	9,000	-	0%
Rental Income	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	1,000	17%
JCP		-	-	••	_	
	441,256	420,000	388,483	417,000	12,700	3%
Expenditures - Variable						
Program Services	12,835	10,000	2,786	8,000	-	0%
Kitchen Wages	81,244	80,000	69,458	80,000	1,773	2%
Food Supplies	79,926	70,000	69,908	71,000	641	1%
Custodians	44,616	40,000	36,732	40,000	597	1%
Equipment	-	-	-	-		-
Supplies	4,283	4,000	3,371	4,000	-	<u> </u>
	222,904	204,000	182,255	203,000	3,011	1%
Expenditures - Fixed						
Admin Salaries	175,810	181,000	179,131	182,000	22,733	12%
Wage Recoveries	(30,000)	(31,000)	(31,000)	(31,000)	_	0%
Housing Allowance	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	1,000	17%
Town Administration	21,600	22,500	22,500	22,500	-	0%
Electricity	23,761	24,000	20,865	22,000	3,874	18%
Heat	19,685	15,000	5,624	6,000	-	0%
Telephone & other Utilities	9,538	11,300	10,753	11,500	1,543	13%
Bad Debts	-	-	-		-	-
Advertising	-	-	807	1,000	-	0%
Contracted Services	19,140	8,000	28,745	10,000	624	6%
Maintenance	40,288	24,000	33,059	23,000	587	3%
Public Works Charges	13,382	6,000	11,069	8,000	1,003	13%
Miscellaneous Operations	790	200	11,891	8,000	1,842	23%
	299,993	267,000	299,444	269,000	33,206	12%
Total Expenses	522,897	471,000	481,699	472,000	36,217	8%
NET CLEC OPERATIONS	(81,641)	(51,000)	(93,216)	(55,000)	(23,517)	43%
NET LAKEVIEW AND CLEC	(37,878)	(45,400)	(70,598)	(42,300)	41,865	
Lakeview Park Road Road maintenance	18,165	13,000	5,650	13,000	653	43%
NET	(56,044)	(58,400)	(76,248)	(55,300)	41,213	
, ,	(,)	(- / /			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Capital Expenses

	2017 YTD Actual	2018 Budget	2018 YTD Actual	2019 Budget	2019 YTD Actual	2019 Var
General					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Asset appraisal - Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asset management plan	-	30,000	-	50,000	-	0%
Computer Equipment	-	20,000	6,394	15,000	-	0%
Demo costs - Neva Road	-	100,000	34,315	100,000	-	0%
Hazmat Inventory	3,828	20,000	-	10,000	-	0%
Health Unit Repairs	-	<u>.</u>	~	10,000	-	0%
Office Equipment	-	25,000	- 0.44	20,000	8,034	40%
Land Purchase	75,503	-	9,911	14,000	1,200	9% 0%
Museum	H	30,000	~	30,000	-	0%
Office Improvements	-	_	-	300,000	-	0%
Mildred Child area upgrades Town hall renovations	2,575	3,647,000	7,518	1,804,000	934	0%
TOWIT Hall Teriovations	2,070	3,047,000				
	81,907	3,872,000	58,137	2,353,000	10,167	0%_
CLEC						
Carpet / Flooring	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	0%
Electrical upgrades	-	10,000	9,788	3,000	-	0%
Clec JCP	-	18,000	11,629	-	-	-
Mattresses	4,270	-	1,099	-	-	-
Equipment - Propane Stove	8,769	-	-	-	***	-
Concrete patio/deck renovation	-		44,384	50,000	- 1,190	- 2%
Water system/well		90,000	44,304	30,000	1,130	2.70
	13,039	123,000	66,899	58,000	1,190	2%
Fire Department						
Gas monitor and controls		10,000	7,250	_	-	-
Storz hydrant upgrades		16,000	16,675	-	-	_
Office renovation	m 1	10,000	΄	10,000		0%
Heat Pump/Generator Replacement	8,832	15,000	11,510	15,000	-	0%
Forestry Hose and Gear	21,227	10,000	-	10,000	-	0%
#6 New Fire truck equipment	·	**	-	27,000	-	0%
Misc Fire Equipment	-	-	-		-	-
FD#16 New Tank	-		-	5,000	-	0%
Firehall repairs	6,282	6,000	-	6,000	-	0%
Training Ground Facilities	32,616	30,000	96,102	48,500	-	0%
Truck purchase	-	370,000	-	700,000	-	0%
Tools and Equipment	3,301	3,000	535	3,000	-	0%
Holmatro upgrade and used pump	9 000	0 000	- 0 E42	8 000	-	- 0%
Hoses and valving	8,996	8,000	9,513	8,000	-	U 70
	81,253	478,000	141,585	832,500	M	0%

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 General Fund - Schedule of Capital Expenses

	2017 YTD Actual	2018 Budget	2018 YTD Actual	2019 Budget	2019 YTD Actual	2019 Var
Public Works				,		
Equipment Purchase	53,136	586,500	75,442	630,000	37,364	6%
Annual Paving Program	58,314	-	-	-	н	-
Computer Software	-		-	20,000	-	- 0%
Cross Walk lights - Post Office	-	20,000 20,000	_	20,000	-	U 70
Engineering Design - King George St North Shore Rd Engineering	-	20,000	-		-	-
Garbage facilities - clec	-	10,000		20,000	yan	0%
PW Office/Yard - Cap	-	-	-	100,000	· _	0%
PW Truck Shelter - Cap	-	-	-	H	-	-
Sidewalks	-	50,000	-	-	-	- 00/
Signs - Capital	-	-	-	50,000	-	0%
South Shore Road Improvements	-		-	_	-	-
Renfrew Town Square Refurbish footbridge	-	200,000	-	-	-	-
Stormwater Mapping	-		-	-	-	-
Small tools	2,133	5,000	2,713	5,000	-	0%
	113,582	891,500	78,155	825,000	37,364	5%
Lakeview Park						
JCP Recoveries - Cap	-	_	-		-	_
Garbage facilities	-	22,000	3,309	-	-	-
Resurfacing campsites - gravel/sand	-	-	-	~		-
Floating walkway repairs	-	-	-	10,000	-	0%
Lakeview Washrooms	-	,,,		par .		
		22,000	3,309	10,000	₩	0%_
Parks						
Central Park Washroom/Stage	-	-	-	-	-	-
Centennial Park Upgrades	897,584	400,000	472,924	100,000	-	0%
Centennial Park Washrooms		-	-	100,000	-	0%
Columbarium planning	5,187	5,000	48,325	-	-	
Columbarium niche revenue Connecting Communities	-	_	-	2,005,000	_	0%
Misc Parks Capital			<u></u>	2,000,000	_	-
Marina Park Dock Repairs	42,222	15,000	5,047	25,000	-	0%
Park Benches	-	-	-	_	689	-
Pickleball/Tennis Courts	35,054	14,945	1,671	13,274		0%
Sahtlam Park	-	10,000		10,000	-	0%
Riverside Park - Washrooms JCP	-	50,000	-	50,000 25,000	-	0% 0%
Saywell Park ICP		23,000	<u>.</u> .	20,000	-	U 70
Saywell Park JCP Town Square Ramp	=	-	-	8,000	-	0%
10mi oqualo rump	980,047	517,945	527,967	2,336,274	689	0%
		0.1,0,0	,	-,,		
Total General Capital	1,269,829	5,904,445	876,052	6,414,774	49,410	<u>1%</u> 7

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 Sewer Fund

	2017 YTD Actual	2018 Budget	2018 YTD Actual	2019 Budget	2019 YTD Actual	2019 %
Revenues						
User Rates	457,201	456,000	486,145	471,000	467,213	99%
Connection Fees	6,047	1,000	3,920	1,000	60	6%
Penalties And Other Interest	4,780	4,600	4,538	4,500	_	0%
Sewer Facilities Grant	-	-	-	-	_	-
Conditional Grants	-	-	-	3,000,000		0%
Parcel Tax	164,000	165,800	165,800	166,600	_	0%
Contribution from others	-	-	pm	-	-	-
Transfer From Surplus	***	105,400	_	_	-	
	000 000	700.000		0.040.400	407.070	400/
	632,028	732,800	660,403	3,643,100	467,273	<u>13%</u>
Expenditures						
Administration	1,690	2,700	2,376	3,000	15	1%
Office Administration	47,300	57,000	57,000	67,000	-	0%
Consumption Rebates	325	1,000	100	07,000		-
PW Administration	83,800	83,900	83,900	90,000	_	0%
Discounts	32,240	35,400	35,451	35,500	35,691	101%
General Maintenance	38,227	65,000	64,793	67,000	7,781	12%
Connections Maintenance	2,527	9,000	2;305	9,000	134	1%
Chlorination	9,862	10,000	9,008	10,000	3,006	30%
New Connections	3,106	4,000	3,665	5,000		0%
Sewer Flushing	6,615	7,000	6,586	7,000	_	0%
Sewer Pump Maintenance	32,373	76,500	41,520	76,500	5,476	7%
Sewer Lagoon Maintenance	55,706	91,300	61,382	91,000	2,275	2%
Transfer to Surplus	, -	· -	,	, =	, -	-
Amortization - Sewer Fund	93,805	-	93,654	-	_	-
Capital	2,055	290,000	18,551	3,435,000	_	0%
	409,630	732,800	480,292	3,896,000	54,378	1%
Surplus(Deficit)	222,398	<u>.</u>	180,111	(252,900)	412,896	

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 Sewer Fund

	2017 YTD Actual	2018 Budget	2018 YTD Actual	2019 Budget	2019 YTD Actual	2019 <u>%</u>
SEWER CAPITAL						
Liftstation Upgrades	-	40,000	18,551	60,000	-	0%
Liftstation #1 Upgrade	-	-	-	75,000	-	0%
Sewer I&I	-	150,000	-	150,000	-	0%
Sewer Treatment Miscellaneous	-	100,000	-	-	•••	-
Sewer Treatment Construction	2,055	-	-	3,000,000	•	0%
Sewer Lagoon	-	-	-	150,000	-	0%
Riverside Force Main	-	-		-	-	-
	2,055	290,000	18,551	3,435,000	-	0%

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 Water Fund

	2017	2018	2018	2019	2019	2019
	YTD Actual	Budget	YTD Actual	Budget	YTD Actual	%
Revenues						
User Rates	547,045	555,000	576,804	575,000	563,577	98%
Connection Fees	44,270	1,000	11,860	1,000	1,360	136%
Fire Hydrant Installation & other	3,353	3,000	31,674	4,000	-	0%
Other Penalties And Interest	5,756	5,500	5,410	5,400	(406)	-8%
Grant - Water main upgrades	545,718	583,375	343,792	182,075	-	0%
Infrastructure Grant	1,651,313	3,248,687	3,248,687	2	-	-
CONTRIBUTION FROM OTHERS	-	28,000	-	-	_	-
Parcel Tax	234,360	236,880	236,880	238,000	-	0%
Transfer From Surplus	-	813,418	-		_	-
	3,031,815	5,474,860	4,455,108	1,005,475	564,530	56%
Expenditures						
Administration	1,934	3,400	1,504	3,400	_	0%
Office Administration	66,500	76,500	76,500	92,000	_	0%
PW Administration	83,100	95,600	95,600	115,000	=	0%
Consumption Rebates	325	1,000	100	. 10,000	_	-
Discounts	39,646	42,900	42,938	43,000	43,470	101%
Safety and Training	1,853	4,500	1,926	4,500	-	0%
Chlorination	14,608	9,000	13,975	14,000	3,757	27%
Flushing	1 1,000	12,500	10,153	12,500	-	0%
Reservoir	9,557	4,500	5,783	2,000	10,328	516%
General Maintenance	68,382	89,000	74,131	100,000	19,166	19%
Hydrants	15,441	22,660	18,698	22,500	201	1%
New Connections	16,594	8,000	10,713	10,000	193	2%
Connection Maintenance	56,233	75,000	52,422	75,000	9,395	13%
Water Meters	21,000	13,500	20,450	20,000	1,249	6%
Pump House Maintenance	44,432	32,500	39,402	42,000	4,692	11%
Small equipment	71,702	-	2,269	,	749	-
Booster Pumps Maintenance	8,425	11,300	9,244	12,000	-	0%
Slopes water pump station	5,582	8,000	5,820	8,000	149	2%
Greendale Water Connection	14,448	-	4,023	-	541	
Water treatment plant	- 1,110	50,000	1,400	95,000	13,234	14%
Transfer to surplus	-	-	-	-	70,201	-
Amortization - Water Fund	105,708	=	111,692	-	-	-
Capital	2,470,128	4,915,000	5,310,230	705,000	1,534	0%
٠.	3,043,894	5,474,860	5,908,972	1,375,900	108,659	8%
Surplus(Deficit)	(12,080)	-	(1,453,864)	(370,425)	455,871	

TOWN OF LAKE COWICHAN Statement of Expenditure - March 31, 2019 Water Fund

	2017 YTD Actual	2018 Budget	2018 YTD Actual	2019 Budget	2019 YTD Actual	2019 <u>%</u>
NATED CADITAL						
WATER CAPITAL						
Cowichan Lake Road Loop	part 1	-	-	-	-	-
Backup Power-North Shore Pump	-	-	-	-	フ	
Flow meter / recorder equipment	-	-	-	-		. ~
Greendale Road Watermain	373,647	365,000	450,770	-	-	-
Greendale Trestle Watermain Upgrade	37,546	200,000	7,749	340,000	1,534	0%
North Shore Pump Station Backup Power	•	-	-	100,000	-	0%
Ohtaki Bridge Watermain Upgrade	-	200,000	-	-	-	-
Park Rd Watermain Upgrade	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wilson Watermain Upgrade	307,583		-	-	-	-
Water main upgrade	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Modelling	-	31,000	24,953	35,000	-	0%
Water Treatment Upgrade	1,751,351	4,050,000	4,826,757	200,000	-	0%
Watermain Upgrades	-	69,000	-	-	-	-
Water metering	-	_	-	30,000	-	0%
-						
_	2,470,128	4,915,000	5,310,230	705,000	1,534	<u>0%</u>



Building Report

TO: Chief Administrative Officer

SUBJECT: Building Permit Summary for the Month of MARCH

DATE: APR. 2, 2019

FROM: Building Inspector

Applications

, , p p e e	Outstandi	ng Permits	Applic Comp		
	Previous Years'	Current Year	Previous Years'	Current Year	Taken out in Current Month
Single Family Dwellings	33	5	4		4
Commercial	5	According to the second			
Carport / garage	6				
Demolitions		E.			
Renovations	16	6	·		4
Deck	9				
Lawn Sprinkler / Woodstove					
Relocated Home	31 (A.1)				
Other_SHEDS	1			is UA MACAMAGA	
TOTALS	71	12	4	Ø	8

Building Permit Fees	Value of construction	Permit fees
For the current month	906,096.00	8,994.00
Year to Date	1,431,371.00	13,528.00

Dennis Young

22

Bylaw Complaint Report Town of Lake Cowichan February- March , 2019



Complaints	#	Outcome
		No address on the dog and has not
Dog at Large		been seen again.
		Talked to owner of the dog has been
Dog barking		tagged and will keep inside at night
		Both property owners have been
		warned and will be fined for any
Illegal burning	2	more incidents
		Ongoing neighbour dispute warning
		given and fines will be issued for any
Illegal parking		more infractions
Illegal parking	9	Red tags issued compliance on all
		Talk to property owner and
Overgrown hedge		compliance with a warning
		At first inspection of the residence
		was complete and could be
		occupied, on second inspection
Unoccupied residence not		kitchen and bathroom has be
wanting to pay utilities		demoed



MEMORANDUM

TO:

JOSEPH FERNANDEZ, CAO

FROM:

JAMES VAN HEMERT

SUBJECT:

ATTAINABLE HOUSING

DATE:

3/29/2019

Summary of Findings from Background Report from the Cowichan Housing Association

- The Town's median household income is at the lower end of the range within the CVRD (between 40 and 48K annually; Shawinigan Lake, for example, is between 72 and 80K)
- 26.1 % of Lake Cowichan residents are renters (CVRD average is 21.5%)
- 27.9% of Lake Cowichan residents spend more than 30% of their income on housing (compared to just under 25% for the CVRD)

Commentary

For the most part this is a confirmation of what we have already learned in our background study for the OCP update. There is some additional detail, but nothing that suggests we need to modify newly drafted policy and actions for the OCP.

Observations on the Workshop

A workshop was hosted by the Cowichan Housing Association in February at the Riverside Inn. It was very well attended, with standing room only for latecomers. Overall there is a keen level of interest in addressing attainable, affordable and assisted living accommodations for seniors as well as an expanded range of housing types (townhouses, suites, apartments, small houses).

Policy and regulatory tools that local governments can use to address attainable housing are continually being adjusted to accommodate more housing choices (e.g. we have recently adopted Tiny House zone district, duplexes in a zoning amendment for Point Ideal, backyard garden suites). The OCP update will take this a further step with more progressive housing policy.

Summary of Strategy

The strategy seeks the following outcomes (I include a relevant local response):

1. Increase non market rentals

• Response: this requires partnerships with developers and income assistance providers; the best first project for the town is for seniors

Increase market rentals

• Response: Updated draft OCP recommends a new rental only zone district and supports a wider variety of housing types

3. Maintain rental supply

• Response: Existing rental supply is limited and consists primarily of dispersed private properties, not purpose built projects

4. Address housing supports

• Response: This is primarily a regional and provincial issue and Lake Cowichan can participate as opportunity arises

5. Innovative affordable ownership

• Response: The Town's most appropriate role is through policy and regulatory innovation—greater flexibility and more options, something we have already begun to do

A summarizing PowerPoint about the Strategy from the Cowichan Housing is available separately.

w:\planning\housing and population studies\memo to council re attainable housing.docx

Action Planning for Attainable Housing in Cowichan

Lake Cowichan: Session Notes

Thursday, February 21, 2018 at Riverside Inn 4:30 p.m. to 7:30 p.m. Community Partner: Cowichan Lake Community Services

Overview

The Action Planning for Attainable Housing in Lake Cowichan workshop was attended by approximately 35 community members. The workshop began with a presentation of background information on housing indicators and the results of community consultation on the Attainable Housing Strategy by Cowichan Housing Association and Social Planning Cowichan, followed by an inspirational presentation by Bob Day on the Cowichan Lake Elder Care Society housing project. Attendees then participated in group exercises to discuss goals and priorities for affordable housing, and potential strategies for building capacity, local policies, partnerships and collaboration, and community education, awareness and advocacy. The following is a summary of flip chart notes that were recorded during the session.

World Café Discussion Notes

Goals & Priorities Identified:

- Shared housing, Pocket neighborhoods, clustered housing, protecting farmland with living spaces closer together, more compact forms
- For everyone across the spectrum seniors, people with disabilities, young families and single folks all have a home
- A thriving Community needs to be successful and prosperous with the necessary housing
- Seniors can stay at home, young families can afford to purchase.
- Incentives for first-time and low-income
- Mixed housing:
 - o Tiny homes, co-op housing, emergency service personnel or teacher housing,
 - Clusters of Modular Homes with communal facilities.
 - o Apartments, townhouses, duplexes.
 - Senior care facility!
- Remove barriers to secondary Suites:
 - o Review the OCP.
- Greater medical support.
- Improved Transit
- Wheelchair accessible
- More land made available example Crown land or schools
- More communication example with First Nations.
- Services, activities for seniors are accessible example. to Lake and Recreation
- More rental housing
- Strategy development
- Zoning for lot sizes tiny homes by town cost of buildings

Policy Strategies Identified

- The 12 samples are good they covered just about everything.
- Explore the pros and cons of removing Strata restrictions and rentals
- Respond to Airbnb extra income vs reduced rental stock
- Secondary homes second home taxes?
- Consider the quality of life continuing well development happens.

- See what other communities are doing and how they have developed, explore other models around the world that are proven
- Engage with residents to listen and inform
 - o Promote and encourage Community by getting together
- Demonstrate the need to government when asking for funding
- Embrace innovative and new concepts
 - o Barn Building concepts
 - o "hero works"
 - o FUBU for us by us
 - o Community building events
- Ensure supportive recreation, services, etc. are accessible
- Communication plan to increase awareness and advocacy and recommend appropriate protocols
- Find incentives example reduced fees, speed up long-term fiscal arrangements
- Find a path to home ownership via fiscal policy
- Negotiate conditions and rezoning
- Incentives such as:
 - o tax breaks, recognition, barter system, donations, naming-rights, emphasized local involvement in ownership
- Utilize and recruit volunteer experts
- Habitat for Humanity projects learn from them
- Find Consultants who can guide organizations

Community Engagement, Awareness and Advocacy Strategies Identified:

- Effective communication outlets
 - o Email and social media
 - o Community presentations
- Identify and engage agencies that can help
- Development fees for housing and zoning
- Reclaim School properties
- Ensuring lifetime tenancy and infill housing
- Zoning restrictions for moving forward but zoning protects us from making mistakes
 - o a paradigm shift is in need
- Repackaged statistics so people can relate think of us as your friends
- Engagement and advocacy and education
- Landlord and tenant support and education
- Developer advocacy
- Responding to NIMBY-ism
- This area needs an advocacy group to get things moving forward with reliable communication

3

Memo



TO: Chair, Finance and Administration Committee

SUBJECT: Amendment to Animal Control Bylaw

DATE: April 2, 2019

FROM: Chief Administrative Officer

Background

The Town of Lake Cowichan has an animal control bylaw in place. The committee has directed the addition of language that would prohibit cruelty to animals.

Amendment Proposal

10. CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

10.1 A new section would be added that would reads as follows:

No person shall keep any animal within the Town unless it is provided with:

- a) clean potable drinking water at all times and suitable food of sufficient quantity and quality to allow for normal growth and the maintenance of normal body weight;
- b) food and water receptacles kept clean and disinfected and located so as to avoid contamination by excreta;
- c) the opportunity for periodic exercise sufficiently to maintain good health; and
- d) necessary veterinary medical care when the animal exhibits signs of pain or suffering.
- 10.2 No person shall keep any animal within the Town unless the animal is provided with outside shelter:
 - a) to ensure protection from heat, cold and wet that is appropriate to the animal's weight and type of coat. Such shelters must provide sufficient space to allow any animal the ability to turn about freely and to easily stand, sit and lie in a normal position;
 - b) at least 12 times the length of the animal and at least the animal's length in width, and at least as high as the animal's height measured from the floor to



Memo

TO:

Chair, Finance and Administration Committee

FROM:

Chief Administrative Officer

DATE:

April 3, 2019

SUBJECT: Purchase of Mower

Council has acknowledged the need for the purchase of a mower during the budget review process.

The Superintendent, Public Work and Engineering Services, has reviewed and has discussions with a supplier, Island Tractor and Supply Ltd., for the purchase of a mower at the quoted price of \$26,919.20 with taxes in.

Recommendation

that the committee approve the purchase of a mower from Island Tractor and Supply Ltd. for a total price of \$26,919.241 inclusive of taxes.

Joseph A. Fernandez

Chief Administrative Officer

Town of Lake Cowichan

Audit Service Plan Year Ending December 31, 2018 For presentation to the Mayor and Council



January 22, 2019

Members of the Mayor and Council of Town of Lake Cowichan

Dear Mayor and Council:

We are pleased to present our Audit Service Plan for Town of Lake Cowichan (the "Town"). In this plan we describe MNP's audit approach, our engagement team, the scope of our audit and a timeline of anticipated deliverables. We are providing this Audit Service Plan to the Mayor and Council on a confidential basis. It is intended solely for the use of the Mayor and Council and is not intended for any other purpose. Accordingly, we disclaim any responsibility to any other party who may rely on this report.

Our engagement will include an audit of the Town's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Our audit will be conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards.

At MNP, our objective is to perform an efficient, high quality audit which focuses on those areas that are considered higher risk. We adhere to the highest level of integrity and professionalism. We are dedicated to maintaining open channels of communication throughout this engagement and will work with management to coordinate the effective performance of the engagement. Our goal is to exceed the Mayor and Council's expectations and ensure you receive outstanding service.

Our Engagement Letter has also been included along with this report. Our Engagement Letter is the formal written agreement of the terms of our audit engagement as negotiated with management and outlines our responsibilities under Canadian generally accepted auditing standards.

We look forward to discussing our audit service plan with you and look forward to responding to any questions you may have.

Sincerely,

MNP LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

CONTENTS

OVERVIEW	1
TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION	1
KEY CHANGES AND DEVELOPMENTS	1
MNP'S AUDIT PROCESS	2
AUDIT MATERIALITY	2
TIMING OF THE AUDIT	
AUDIT TEAM	3
FEES AND ASSUMPTIONS	. 4
AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE	
ADDENDICES	. (



OVERVIEW

To make strategic business decisions with confidence, your stakeholders and the Mayor and Council of Town of Lake Cowichan need relevant, reliable and independently audited financial information. But that's not all. You need an audit team that can deliver insight beyond the numbers and enhance Town of Lake Cowichan's strategic planning and implementation processes so you can embrace new opportunities while effectively managing risk. Our senior team members have extensive knowledge of municipalities from many years of experience. Our audit strategy is risk based, and takes into account the limitations and opportunities you encounter each day, allowing our recommendations to be implemented with greater ease. Committed to your success, MNP delivers meaningful, reliable financial information to not only help you fulfill your compliance obligations, but also to achieve your key strategic goals.

Our Audit Service Plan outlines the strategy we will follow to provide Town of Lake Cowichan's Mayor and Council with our Independent Auditors' Report on the December 31, 2018 financial statements.

TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION

We are committed to providing superior client service by maintaining effective two-way communication.

Topics for discussion include, but are not limited to:

- Changes to your business operations and developments in the financial reporting and regulatory environment
- Business plans and strategies
- The management oversight process
- Fraud
 - How could it occur?
 - · Risk of fraud and misstatement?
 - Actual, suspected or alleged fraud?
- Your specific needs and expectations
- Audit Service Plan
- Any other issues and/or concerns

KEY CHANGES AND DEVELOPMENTS

Based on our knowledge of the Town and our discussions with management, we have noted the recent developments set out below. Our audit strategy has been developed giving consideration to these factors.

Issues and Developments	Summary
New reporting developments	PS 2200 Related Party Disclosures (New) PS 3210 Assets (New)
	PS 3320 Contingent Assets (New)
	PS 3380 Contractual Rights (New)
	PS 3420 Inter-entity Transactions (New)
	PS 3430 Restructuring Transactions (New)
New assurance developments	New and Revised Auditor Reporting Standards

Detailed information on Key Changes and Developments are included as Appendix A.

MNP'S AUDIT PROCESS

MNP's audit methodology, "The MAP", is a risk based audit approach that is divided into four separate stages: Pre-planning, Planning and Risk Assessment, Risk Response and Completion and Reporting. Our audit process focuses on significant risks identified during the pre-planning and planning and risk assessment stage, ensuring that audit procedures are tailored to your specific circumstances and appropriately address those risks.

The Mayor and Council is responsible for approval of the consolidated financial statements and Town policies, and for monitoring management's performance. The Mayor and Council should consider the potential for management override of controls or other inappropriate influences, such as earnings management, over the financial reporting process. The Mayor and Council, together with management, is also responsible for the integrity of the accounting and financial reporting systems, including controls to prevent and detect fraud and misstatement, and to monitor compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

Effective discharge of these respective responsibilities is directed toward a common duty to provide appropriate and adequate financial accountability, and quality financial disclosure.

AUDIT MATERIALITY

Materiality is an important audit concept. It is used to assess the significance of misstatements or omissions that are identified during the audit and is used to determine the level of audit testing that is carried out. Specifically, a misstatement or the aggregate of all misstatements in consolidated financial statements as a whole (and, if applicable, for particular classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures) is considered to be material if it is probable that the decision of the party relying on the consolidated financial statements, who has reasonable understanding of business and economic activities, will be changed or influenced by such a misstatement or the aggregate of all misstatements.

The scope of our audit work is tailored to reflect the relative size of operations of the Town and our assessment of the potential for material misstatements in the Town's consolidated financial statements as a whole (and, if applicable, for particular classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures). In determining the scope, we emphasize relative audit risk and materiality, and consider a number of factors, including:

- The size, complexity, and growth of the Town;
- Changes within the organization, management or accounting systems; and
- Concerns expressed by management.

Judgment is applied separately to the determination of materiality in the audit of each set of consolidated financial statements (and, if applicable, for particular classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures) and is affected by our perception of the financial information needs of users of the financial statements.



Page 2

In this context, it is reasonable to assume that users understand that financial statements are prepared, presented and audited to levels of materiality; recognize uncertainties inherent in the measurement of amounts -based on the use of estimates, judgment and consideration of future events; and make reasonable economic decisions based on the financial statements. The foregoing factors are taken into account in establishing the materiality level.

We propose to use \$300,000 as overall materiality for audit planning purposes.

RISK ASSESSMENT

Based on the preliminary risk assessment procedures performed, we have identified the following significant risks which will be addressed during our audit. We have also outlined the proposed audit response to address those risks. We will update our risk assessment as the audit progresses for additional risks identified and will inform management of any additional significant risks identified.

TIMING OF THE AUDIT

Based on the audit planning performed and areas of audit risks identified, the following timelines for key deliverables have been discussed and agreed upon with management:

KEY DELIVERABLE	EXPECTED DATE
Delivery of December 31, 2018 Audit Service Plan to the Mayor and Council	January 2019
Year-end fieldwork procedures	April 2019,
Draft year-end consolidated financial statements to be discussed with management	April 2019
Presentation of December 31, 2018 Audit Findings Report to the the Mayor and Council	May 2019
Issuance of Independent Auditors' Report	May 2019

To meet your requirement of final financial statements released on , we plan to present our audit findings to the Mayor and Council on .

AUDIT TEAM

In order to ensure effective communication between the Mayor and Council and MNP, we outline below the key members of our audit team that will be responsible for the audit of Town of Lake Cowichan and the role they will play:

NAME	POSITION	
Cory Vanderhorst, CPA, CA	Engagement Partner	
Debbie Bass, CPA, CA	Concurring Partner	
James Kungel, CPA, CA	Tax Partner	
Graham Roberts, CPA, CA	Senior Manager	

Page 3

In order to serve you better and meet our professional responsibilities, we may find it necessary to expand our audit team to include other MNP professionals whose consultation will assist us to evaluate and resolve complex, difficult and/or contentious matters identified during the course of our audit. Any changes to the audit team will be discussed with you to ensure a seamless process and that all concerned parties' needs are met.

FEES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Our audit fees for the year ended December 31, 2018 are estimated to be the following, exclusive of applicable taxes:

	DECEMBER 31, 2018 ESTIMATE	DECEMBER 31, 2017 ACTUAL
Base fee	16,200	15,900
Administrative expense - 5%	810	795
Total	17,010	16,695

Our audit fees are based on our estimated audit hours which consider our expectations of required work and our knowledge of the Town. These estimated hours rely on the following assumptions:

- · No significant deficiencies in internal controls which cause procedures to be extended
- · No major unadjusted misstatements or un-reconciled balances
- Significantly all adjusting entries are completed prior to trial balance and journal entries being provided to audit team
- All management and required staff are available as needed
- Information and working papers required, as outlined in our letter of fiscal year-end requirements, are provided in the mutually agreed form and timing
- · There are no changes to the agreed upon audit timetable and reporting requirements

If any significant issues arise during the course of our audit work which indicate a possibility of increased procedures or a change in the audit timetable, these will be discussed with management by the engagement partner so a mutually agreeable solution can be reached.

Pursuant to our billing policy, we will issue interim bills as follows:

- a) On delivery of the audit service plan 50% of the estimated fee;
- b) At the start of year-end field work, 25% of the estimated fee;
- c) Upon the delivery of the final consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report, 25% of the estimated fee.

If any significant issues arise during the course of our audit work which indicate a possibility of increased procedures or a change in the audit timetable, these will be discussed with management by the engagement partner so a mutually agreeable solution can be reached.

AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE

An essential aspect of all our services to the Town is an independent viewpoint, which recognizes that our responsibilities are to the Mayor and Council. While the concept of independence demands a questioning and objective attitude in conducting our audit, it also requires the absence of financial or other interests in the Town. In accordance with our firm's policy, and the Rules of Professional Conduct, which govern our profession, neither MNP nor any of its team members assigned to the engagement or any of its partners, are permitted to have any involvement in or relationship with the Town that would impair independence or give that appearance.

MNP

As auditors, we subscribe to the highest standards and are required to discuss the auditors' independence with the Mayor and Council on an annual basis. Under the standard an auditor shall:

- Disclose to the Mayor and Council in writing, all relationships between the auditor and the Town that in the auditors' professional judgment may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence;
- Confirm in writing that, in its professional judgment, MNP is independent within the meaning of the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants of British Columbia; and,
- Discuss the auditors' independence with the Mayor and Council.

We are not aware of any relationships between our Firm and the Town during the year that, in our professional judgment, may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence to date.

We hereby confirm that we are independent auditors with respect to the Town.

During the course of the audit, we will communicate any significant new matters that come to our attention that, in our professional judgment, may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence. At the completion of our audit, we will reconfirm our independence.

We look forward to discussing with you the matters addressed above. We will be prepared to answer any questions you may have regarding our independence, as well as any other matters of interest to you.

APPENDIX A - New and Proposed Reporting Developments

PS 2200 Related Party Disclosures (New)

In March 2015, the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) issued a new standard, PS 2200 Related Party Disclosures.

This new Section defines a related party and established disclosures required for related party transactions. Disclosure of information about related party transactions and the relationship underlying them is required when they have occurred at a value different from that which would have been arrived at if the parties were unrelated, and they have, or could have, a material financial effect on the financial statements.

This Section is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2017. Early adoption is permitted.

PS 3210 Assets (New)

In June 2015, new PS 3210 Assets was included in the CPA Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook (PSA HB). The new Section provides guidance for applying the definition of assets set out in PS 1000 Financial Statement Concepts. The main features of this standard are as follows:

- Assets are defined as economic resources controlled by a government as a result of past transactions or events and from which future economic benefits are expected to be obtained.
- Economic resources can arise from such events as agreements, contracts, other government's legislation, the government's own legislation, and voluntary contributions.
- The public is often the beneficiary of goods and services provided by a public sector entity. Such assets
 benefit public sector entities as they assist in achieving the entity's primary objective of providing public
 goods and services.
- A public sector entity's ability to regulate an economic resource does not, in and of itself, constitute
 control of an asset, if the interest extends only to the regulatory use of the economic resource and does
 not include the ability to control access to future economic benefits.
- A public sector entity acting as a trustee on behalf of beneficiaries specified in an agreement or statute is
 merely administering the assets, and does not control the assets, as future economic benefits flow to the
 beneficiaries.
- An economic resource may meet the definition of an asset, but would not be recognized if there is no
 appropriate basis for measurement and a reasonable estimate cannot be made, or if another Handbook
 Section prohibits its recognition. Information about assets not recognized should be disclosed in the
 notes.

The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2017. Earlier adoption is permitted.

PS 3320 Contingent Assets (New)

In June 2015, new PS 3320 Contingent Assets was included in the CPA Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook (PSA HB). The new Section establishes disclosure standards on contingent assets. The main features of this standard are as follows:

- Contingent assets are possible assets arising from existing conditions or situations involving uncertainty.
 That uncertainty will ultimately be resolved when one or more future events not wholly within the public sector entity's control occurs or fails to occur. Resolution of the uncertainty will confirm the existence or non-existence of an asset.
- Passing legislation that has retroactive application after the financial statement date cannot create an existing condition or situation at the financial statement date.
- Elected or public sector entity officials announcing public sector entity intentions after the financial statement date cannot create an existing condition or situation at the financial statement date.
- Disclosures should include existence, nature, and extent of contingent assets, as well as the reasons for any non-disclosure of extent, and the bases for any estimates of extent made.
- When a reasonable estimate can be made, disclosure should include a best estimate and a range of
 possible amounts (or a narrower range of more likely amounts), unless such a disclosure would have an
 adverse impact on the outcome.

The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2017. Earlier adoption is permitted.



PS 3380 Contractual Rights (New)

In June 2015, new PS 3380 Contractual Rights was included in the CPA Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook (PSA HB). This new Section establishes disclosure standards on contractual rights, and does not include contractual rights to exchange assets where revenue does not arise. The main features of this standard are as follows:

- Contractual rights are rights to economic resources arising from contracts or agreements that will result in both an asset and revenue in the future.
- Until a transaction or event occurs under a contract or agreement, an entity only has a contractual right to an economic resource. Once the entity has received an asset, it no longer has a contractual right.
- Contractual rights are distinct from contingent assets as there is no uncertainty related to the existence
 of the contractual right.
- Disclosures should include descriptions about nature, extent, and timing.

The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2017. Earlier adoption is permitted.

PS 3420 Inter-entity Transactions (New)

In March 2015, the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) issued new PS 3420 Inter-entity Transactions.

The new Section establishes standards on how to account for and report transactions between public sector entities that comprise a government's reporting entity from both a provider and recipient perspective. The main features of the new Section are:

- Under a policy of cost allocation, revenues and expenses are recognized on a gross basis.
- Transactions are measured at the carrying amount, except in specific circumstances.
- A recipient may choose to recognize unallocated costs for the provision of goods and services and
 measure them at the carrying amount, fair value or other amount dictated by policy, accountability
 structure or budget practice.
- The transfer of an asset or liability for nominal or no consideration is measured by the provider at the carrying amount and by the recipient at the carrying amount or fair value.
- Inter-entity transactions are considered in conjunction with PS 2200 Related Party Disclosures.

The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2017. Earlier adoption is permitted.

PS 3430 Restructuring Transactions (New)

In June 2015, new PS 3430 *Restructuring Transactions* was included in the CPA Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook (PSA HB). The new Section establishes disclosure standards on contingent assets. The main features of this standard are as follows:

- A restructuring transaction is defined separately from an acquisition. The key distinction between the two is the absence of an exchange of consideration in a restructuring transaction.
- A restructuring transaction is defined as a transfer of an integrated set of assets and/or liabilities, together with related program or operating responsibilities that does not involve an exchange of consideration.
- Individual assets and liabilities transferred in a restructuring transaction are derecognized by the transferor at their carrying amount and recognized by the recipient at their carrying amount with applicable adjustments.
- The increase in net assets or net liabilities resulting from recognition and derecognition of individual
 assets and liabilities received from all transferors, and transferred to all recipients in a restructuring
 transaction, is recognized as revenue or as an expense.
- Restructuring-related costs are recognized as expenses when incurred.
- Individual assets and liabilities received in a restructuring transaction are initially classified based on the accounting policies and circumstances of the recipient at the restructuring date.
- The financial position and results of operations prior to the restructuring date are not restated.
- Disclosure of information about the transferred assets, liabilities and related operations prior to the restructuring date by the recipient is encouraged but not required.

The Section is effective for new restructuring transactions that occur in fiscal periods beginning on or after April 1, 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

New and Revised Auditor Reporting Standards

In April 2017, the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board adopted the new and revised auditor reporting standards, effective for year ends ending on or after December 15, 2018. As a result of this, the independent auditor's report will be presented in a revised format. The new report provides reporting of going concern matters, as well as entity-specific reporting of other information, and provides enhanced transparency by clarifying the scope of the auditor's work as well as the roles and responsibilities of the auditor, management, and those charged with governance.



APPENDIX B - The Audit Process

Our Plan

Our overall audit strategy is risk-based and controls-oriented. Assessment and identification of risk is performed continuously throughout the audit process. We focus on the risks that have a potential impact on the financial accounting systems and subsequent financial reporting.

Our overall audit strategy does not, and is not intended to involve the authentication of documents, nor are our team members trained or expected to be experts in such authentication. Unless we have reason to believe otherwise, we accept records and documents as genuine. The subsequent discovery of a material misstatement resulting from fraud does not, in and of itself, indicate a failure to comply with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards.

Audit Procedures

To meet our responsibilities in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, our audit examination includes:

- Obtaining an understanding of the entity and its environment, including its controls, in order to identify and
 assess the risk that the consolidated financial statements contain material misstatements due to fraud or
 misstatement;
- Assessing the adequacy of and examining, on a test basis, the key controls over significant transaction streams and over the general organizational and computer environments;
- Assessing the systems used to ensure compliance with applicable legislative and related authorities pertaining to financial reporting, revenue raising, borrowing, and investing activities;
- Examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements;
- · Assessing the appropriateness and consistency of accounting principles used and their application;
- Assessing the significant estimates used by management; and,
- Assessing the entity's use of the going concern assumption in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

As part of our planning process, we will also undertake to inform the Mayor and Council of concerns relating to management's implementation and maintenance of controls, and the effects of any such concerns on the overall strategy and scope of the audit. These concerns might arise from the nature, extent and frequency of management's assessments of controls in place to detect fraud and misstatement, and of the risk that the consolidated financial statements may be misstated; from a failure by management to appropriately address significant deficiencies in controls identified in prior audits; and, from our evaluation of the Town's control environment, and management's competence and integrity.

Overall Reliance

In general, there are three levels of reliance that we can place on controls, or the absence thereof:

Low/None — where we cannot rely on controls because they are weak or absent, or where it is deemed to be more efficient to carry out a high level of direct substantive tests of transactions and balances. Audit evidence is primarily obtained through detailed verification procedures and sufficient substantive tests of details and transactions.

Moderate – where there are some deficiencies in systems application or procedural controls, or where it is deemed to be inefficient to test systems application controls, but where we can test and rely on the management monitoring systems in place to detect and correct material misstatements in the financial reporting systems. Testing of controls is supplemented with a moderate level of substantive tests of details and transactions.

APPENDIX B – The Audit Process (continued from previous page)

High – where a high degree of control is in place in the areas of management monitoring controls AND systems application and procedural controls. Our audit work focuses on testing both management monitoring and systems application and procedural controls, and is supplemented with a low level of substantive tests of details and transactions.

For the December 31, 2018 audit, we are planning to place low/no reliance on the Town's accounting systems. This level of reliance is consistent with the prior year, and will involve substantive tests of transactions and balances.

As part of our audit work we will update our understanding of the entity and its environment, including the controls relevant to our audit of the principal transaction cycles, sufficient to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements resulting from fraud or misstatement. This will be accomplished through inquiries with management and others within the entity, analytical procedures and observation and inspection. Furthermore, we will consider whether effective controls have been established to adequately respond to the risks arising from the use of IT or manual systems and test the operation of those controls to an extent sufficient to enable us to reduce our substantive work. Our review of the Town's controls will not be sufficient to express an opinion as to their effectiveness or efficiency. Although we will provide the Mayor and Council with any information about significant deficiencies in internal control that have come to our attention, we may not be aware of all the significant deficiencies in internal control that do, in fact, exist.

Inherent Limitations in the Auditing Process

An auditor cannot obtain absolute assurance that material misstatements in the consolidated financial statements will be detected due to factors such as the use of significant judgment regarding the gathering of evidence and the drawing of conclusions based on the audit evidence acquired; the use of testing of the data underlying the consolidated financial statements; inherent limitations of controls; and, the fact that much of the audit evidence available to the auditor is persuasive, rather than conclusive in nature.

Because of the nature of fraud, including attempts at concealment through collusion and forgery, an audit designed and executed in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards may not detect a material fraud. While effective controls reduce the likelihood that misstatements will occur and remain undetected, they do not eliminate that possibility. Therefore, the auditor cannot guarantee that fraud, misstatements and non-compliance with laws and regulations, if present, will be detected when conducting an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards.

The likelihood of not detecting material misstatements resulting from management fraud is greater than for employee fraud, because management is in a position to manipulate records, present fraudulent information or override controls.

We will inform the appropriate level of management or the Mayor and Council with respect to identified:

- Misstatements resulting from errors, other than clearly trivial misstatements;
- Fraud, or any information obtained that indicates that fraud may exist;
- Evidence obtained that indicates non-compliance or possible non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than that considered inconsequential;
- Significant deficiencies in the design or implementation of controls to prevent and detect fraud or misstatement; and
- Related party transactions that are not in the normal course of operations and that involve significant judgments made by management concerning measurement or disclosure.

Our concern as auditors is with material misstatements, and thus, we are not responsible for the detection of misstatements that are not material to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

